

React Server Components Unleashed: A Deep Dive into Next-Gen Web Development

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Topics

- What are React Server Components and why would you care?
- Using Next.js and the App Router
- Turning a React Client Component into a React Server Component
- **Updates and caching** with React Server Components
- Querying the database from a React Server Component
- Suspense & React Server Components
- React Server Components and streaming
- Which components are really React Server Components?
- Using React Server Actions

Bonus Udemy Course



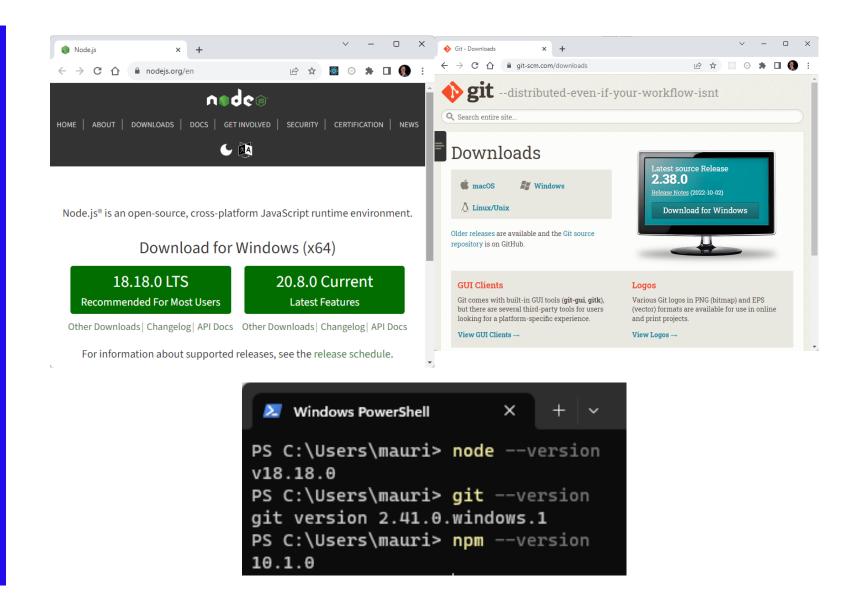
Type it out by hand?

"Typing it drills it into your brain much better than simply copying and pasting it. You're forming new neuron pathways. Those pathways are going to help you in the future. Help them out now!"

Prerequisites

Install Node & NPM
Install the GitHub repository

Install Node.js & NPM



Following Along



- Repo: https://github.com/mauricedb/react-berlin-2023-ws
- Slides: https://bit.ly/react-berlin-2023-ws

Create a new Next.js app

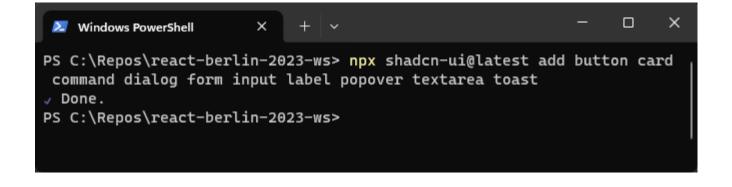
```
Windows PowerShell
PS C:\Repos> npx create-next-app@latest react-berlin-2023-ws
Need to install the following packages:
create-next-app@14.0.3
Ok to proceed? (y)
  Would you like to use TypeScript? ... No / Yes
  Would you like to use ESLint? ... No / Yes
  Would you like to use Tailwind CSS? ... No / Yes
  Would you like to use 'src/' directory? ... No / Yes
  Would you like to use App Router? (recommended) ... No / Yes
  Would you like to customize the default import alias (@/*)? ... No / Yes
 Creating a new Next.js app in C:\Repos\react-berlin-2023-ws.
Using npm.
Initializing project with template: app-tw
Installing dependencies:
  react
  react-dom
 Installing devDependencies:
  @types/node
  @types/react
  @types/react-dom
  autoprefixer
  postcss
  tailwindcss
 - eslint-config-next
added 332 packages, and audited 333 packages in 24s
 117 packages are looking for funding
  run 'npm fund' for details
 found 0 vulnerabilities
Initialized a git repository.
 Success! Created react-berlin-2023-ws at C:\Repos\react-berlin-2023-ws
PS C:\Repos>
```

Adding Shaden support

```
Windows PowerShell
  Would you like to use TypeScript (recommended)? ... no / yes
  Which style would you like to use? » Default
  Which color would you like to use as base color? » Slate
  Where is your global CSS file? ... src/app/globals.css
  Would you like to use CSS variables for colors? ... no / yes
  Where is your tailwind.config.js located? ... tailwind.config.ts
  Configure the import alias for components: ... @/components
  Configure the import alias for utils: ... @/lib/utils
  Are you using React Server Components? ... no / yes
  Write configuration to components.json. Proceed? ... yes

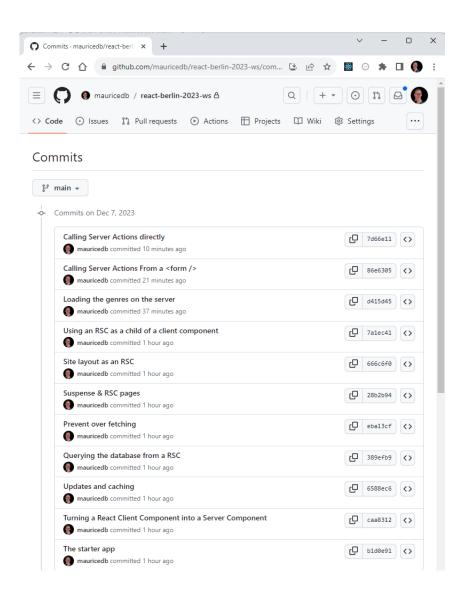
√ Writing components.json...
Initializing project...
✓ Installing dependencies...
Success! Project initialization completed.
PS C:\Repos\react-berlin-2023-ws>
```

Adding Shadcn components

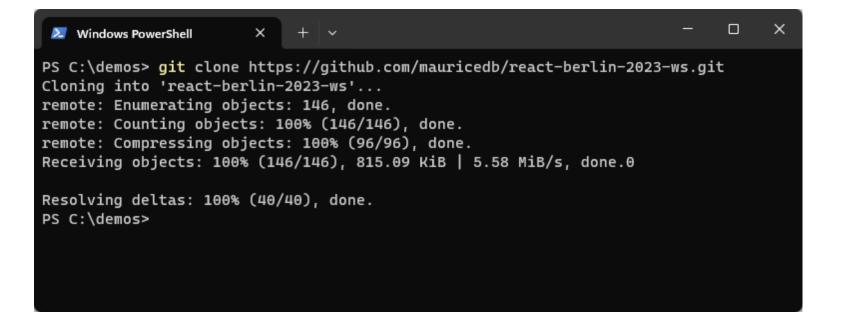


The changes

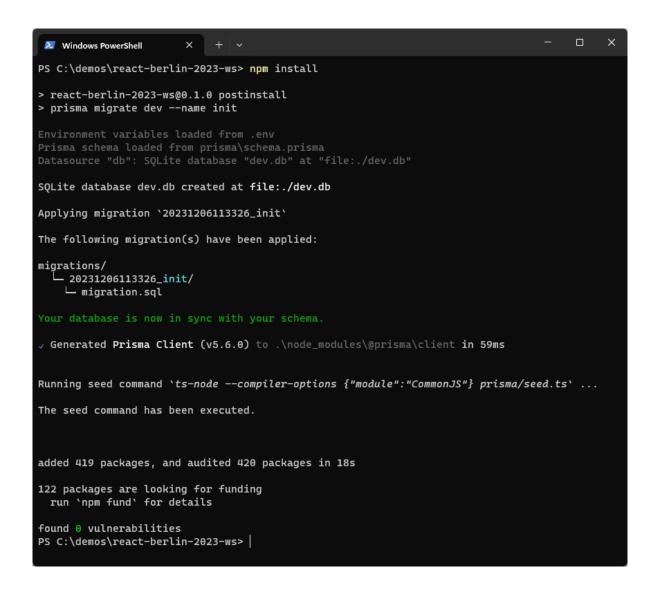




Clone the GitHub Repository



Install NPM Packages



Start branch

- Start with the **00-start** branch
 - git checkout --track origin/00-start

Start the application

```
npm X
            Wind X
PS C:\Repos\react-berlin-2023-ws> npm run dev
> react-berlin-2023-ws@0.1.0 dev
> next dev
   ▲ Next.js 14.0.3
   - Local:
                   http://localhost:3000
   - Environments: .env
 √ Ready in 4.2s
 O Compiling / ...

√ Compiled / in 4.3s (807 modules)

√ Compiled in 545ms (388 modules)

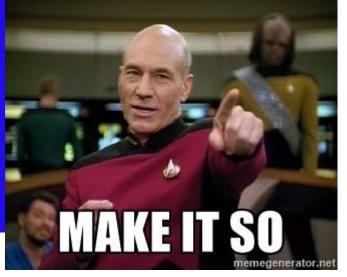
√ Compiled /movies in 323ms (798 modules)

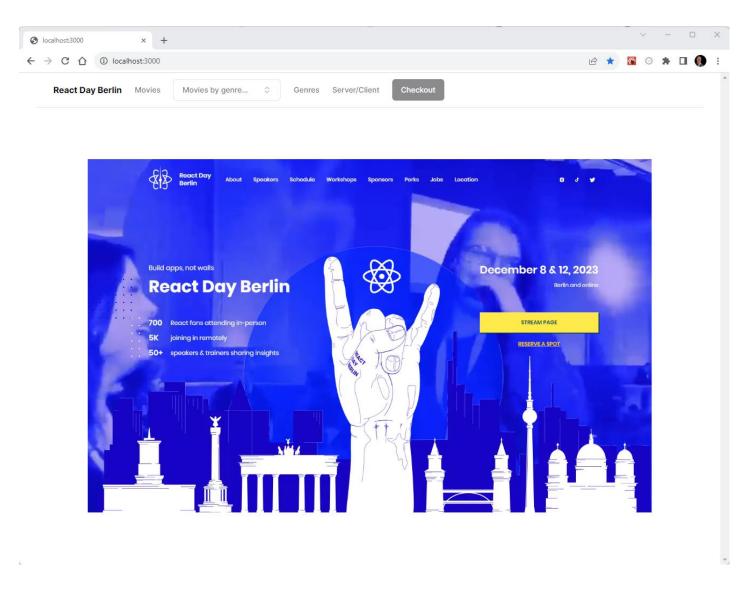
 √ Compiled /api/movies in 143ms (440 modules)

√ Compiled (442 modules)

√ Compiled /genres in 226ms (837 modules)
```

The application



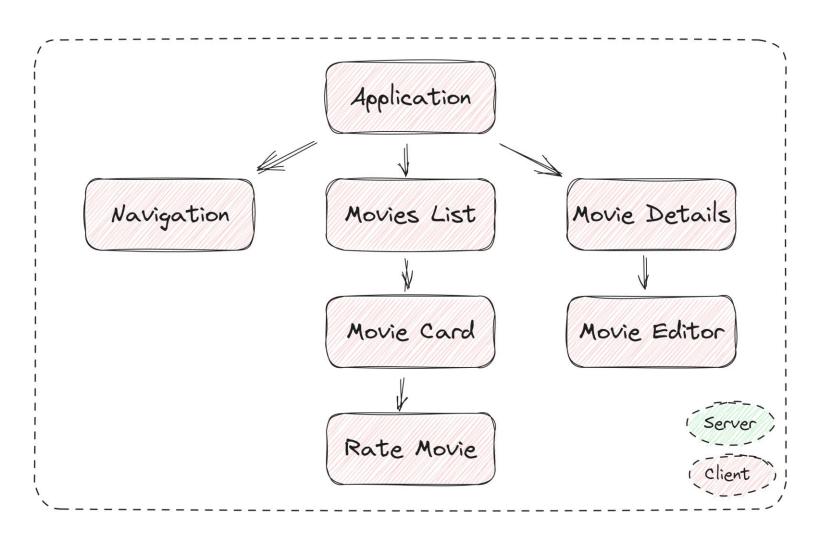


What are React Server Components?

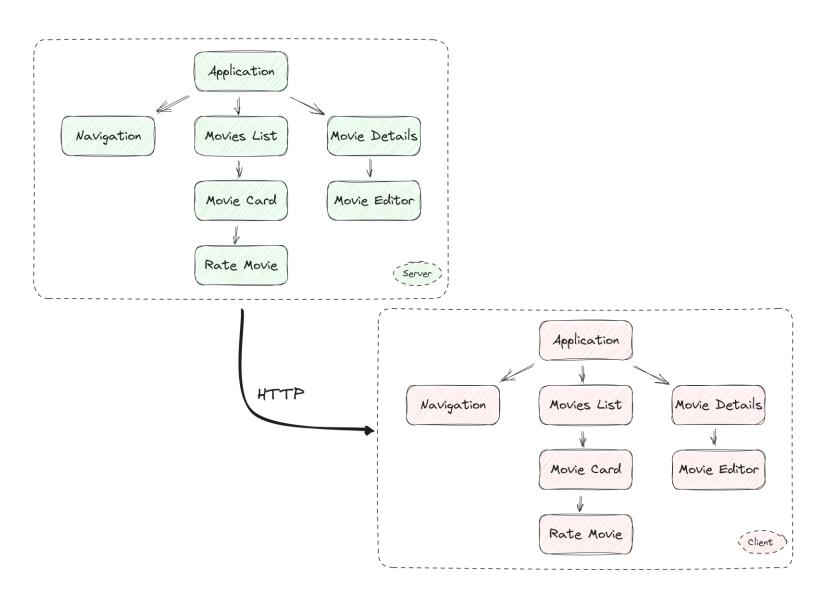
React Server Components

- React Server Components (RSC) only execute on the server
 - Traditionally React components always execute in the browser
- RSC are not the same as Server Side Rendering
 - With SSR components are executed both on the client and server
- Applications are a combination of server and client components
- The result: The back and front-end code are more integrated
 - Leading to **better type safety** ©

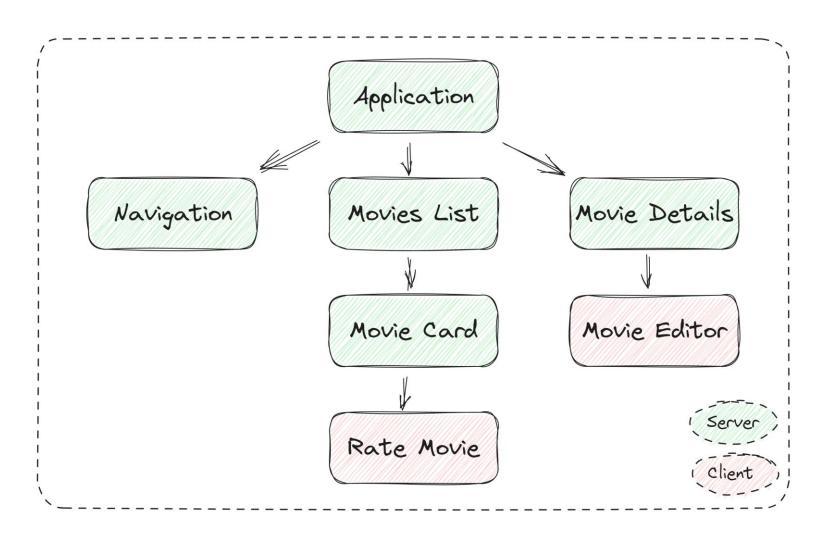
Before RSC



Server Side Rendering



With RSC



React Server Components

- Server components can be **asynchronous**
 - Great to load data from some API
- Server components render just once
 - · No re-rendering with state changes or event handling
- The server component **code** is not send to the browser
 - Can safely use secure API key's etc.
 - Smaller bundle sizes
- React Server Components require TypeScript 5.1

React Server Component

React Client Components

- Server components can render both server and client components
 - Client components can only render other client components
- Adding 'use client' to the top of a component makes it a client component
 - Used as a directive for the bundler to include this in the client JS bundle
- A client component is still executed on the server as part of SSR
 - When using Next.js

```
rs movie-form.tsx ×

src > components > TS movie-form.tsx > ...
    1     'use client'
    2
    3    import { zodResolver } from '@hookform/resolvers/zod'
    4     import * as z from 'zod'
```

Turning a React Client Component into a Server Component

Client Component to Server Component

- React Server Components normally perform better
 - Only render once on the server
 - The code doesn't need to be shipped to the browser
- Can be async and await data to be fetched
 - No need for a render/effect/re-render cycle in the browser
- Components that don't need client capabilities should be RSC's
 - State, effects, browser API's etc. are client requirements

movies /page.tsx

```
5 th ⊗ € -
TS page.tsx ...\movies M X TS movie-card.tsx M
                               TS page.tsx ...\[id] M
                                              TS movie-form.tsx M
       export default async function MoviesPage({ searchParams: { genre } }: Props)
         async function fetchMovies() {
  12
           const url = genre ? `/api/movies?genre=${genre}` : '/api/movies'
  13
           const rsp = await fetch(`http://localhost:3000${url}`)
  14
           const movies = await rsp.json()
  15
           return movies as Movie[]
  16
  17
  18
         const movies = await fetchMovies()
  19
  20
```

movie-card.tsx

movies/[id] /page.tsx

```
D th
TS page.tsx ...\movies M
                                 TS page.tsx ...\[id] M X TS movie-form.tsx M
                 TS movie-card.tsx M
       const MoviePage: FC < Props > = async (\{ params: \{ id \} \}) \Rightarrow \{ \}
         async function fetchMovie() {
  13
            const rsp = await fetch(`http://localhost:3000/api/movies/${id}`)
  14
            const movie = await rsp.json()
  15
            return movie as Movie
  16
  17
  18
         const movie = await fetchMovie()
  19
```

movie-form.tsx



Next.js and the App Router

Next.js and the App Router

- React is no longer just a client side library
 - We need additional server side capabilities
 - As well as additional code bundling options
- Next.js is the best production option available
 - Shopify Hydrogen is also an option
 - Remix 2 doesn't support RSC yet
- There are also more experimental options
 - Waku from Daishi Kato
 - React Server Components Demo from the React team

Rendering RSC's

- React Server Components are only rendered on the server
 - And shipped to the client as a JSON like structure
 - The React Server Component Payload
- The client then injects these JSON objects into the React tree
 - Where it would previously have rendered these components themself
- React already used a 2 step process
 - Components render to a virtual DOM
 - Just a series of JavaScript objects
 - Reconciliation maps the virtual DOM to the browser DOM
 - Or an HTML stream in the case or Server Side Rendering

Async transport

- RSC's are **streamed asynchronously** to the client
 - Enables using Suspense boundaries while loading

Code bundling

- Multiple JavaScript bundles have to be made
 - The client and server have different code bundles
- Server Component code is never executed on the client
 - Can use react-server-dom-webpack or a similar package



Updates and caching

- Next.js does a lot of optimizations using caching
 - Both on the server and client
- The Next.js uses a Data Cache and Full Router Cache on the server
 - Use export const dynamic = 'force-dynamic' to make sure data on the server isn't cached
 - Can also be controlled at the fetch() level
- The Next.js uses a Router Cache on the client
 - Dynamically rendered routes are purged after 30 seconds
 - Call *router.refresh()* to immediately purge the cache
 - Make sure to use the router from 'next/navigation'

movies/[id] /page.tsx

```
TS movie-form.tsx M
              TS page.tsx ...\[id] M X TS page.tsx ...\movies M
        type Props = {
          params: {
            id: string
   9
  10
  11
  12
        export const dynamic = 'force-dynamic'
  13
        const MoviePage: FC<Props> = async ({ params: { id } }) ⇒ {
  14
          async function fetchMovie() {
  15
            const rsp = await fetch(`http://localhost:3000/api/movies/${id}`
  16
            const movie = await rsp.json()
  17
            return movie as Movie
  18
  19
```

movieform.tsx

```
TS movie-form.tsx M X TS page.tsx ...\[id] M
                              TS page.tsx ...\movies M
        export const MovieForm: FC<Props> = ({ initialMovie }) ⇒ {
          const { toast } = useToast()
  43
          const router = useRouter()
  44
  45
          const onSubmit = async (movie: Movie) \Rightarrow {
  46
  47
             try {
               await saveMovie(movie)
  48
  49
               router.refresh()
  50
  51
               toast({
  52
  53
                 title: 'Success',
                 description: 'Move updated',
  54
  55
```

movies /page.tsx



```
5 th ⊗ €
TS movie-form.tsx M
              TS page.tsx ...\[id] M
                            TS page.tsx ...\movies M X
       type Props = {
         searchParams: {
            genre?: string
   8
   9
  10
  11
       export const dynamic = 'force-dynamic'
  12
        export default async function MoviesPage({ searchParams: { genre } }: Props) {
  13
          async function fetchMovies() {
  14
            const url = genre ? `/api/movies?genre=${genre}` : '/api/movies'
  15
            const rsp = await fetch(`http://localhost:3000${url}`)
  16
  17
            const movies = await rsp.json()
            return movies as Movie[]
  18
  19
```

Querying the database from an RSC

Querying the database from an RSC

- Because an **RSC** only runs on the server we can use server side code
 - Query the DB using Prisma directly
 - It's save to use secrets like database connection strings
- Never executed in the browser
 - Leads to smaller JavaScript bundle sizes

movies /page.tsx

```
5) th @ 00
TS page.tsx ...\movies M X TS page.tsx ...\[id] M
                               TS route.ts M
src > app > movies > TS page.tsx > ..
        async function getMovies(genreId: string | undefined) {
          const orderBy: Prisma.MovieOrderByWithRelationInput = {
  15
            voteAverage: 'desc',
  16
  17
          } as const
  18
  19
          if (genreId) { ···
  30
          } else {
  31
            const movies = await prisma.movie.findMany({
  32
               orderBy,
  33
  35
            return movies
  36
  37
  38+
        export default async function MoviesPage({ searchParams: { genre } }: Props) {
  39
          const movies = await getMovies(genre)
  40
  41
  42
          return (
  43
            <main className="flex-1 space-y-4 p-8 pt-6">
```

movies/[id] /page.tsx

```
TS page.tsx ...\movies M
                 TS page.tsx ...\[id] M X TS route.ts M
        export const dynamic = 'force-dynamic'
  12
  13
        async function getMovie(id: string) {
  14
           const movie = await prisma.movie.findFirstOrThrow({
  15
             where: { id: +id },
  16
  17
  18
          return movie
  19
  20
  21
        const MoviePage: FC < Props > = async (\{ params: \{ id \} \}) \Rightarrow \{ \}
  22
           const movie = await getMovie(id)
  23
  24
          if (!movie) {
  25
```

api/movies/[id] /route.ts



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
TS page.tsx ...\movies M
                TS page.tsx ...\[id] M
                               TS route.ts M X
        You, 4 days ago | 1 author (You)
        import { saveMovie } from '@/server/save-movie'
        import { Movie } from '@prisma/client'
        import { NextRequest, NextResponse } from 'next/server'
        export async function PUT(request: NextRequest) {
          try {
            const movie = (await request.json()) as Movie
   8
            await saveMovie(movie)
   9
  10
  11
            return new NextResponse(null, {
  12
               status: 204,
  13 +
            catch (error) {
  14
  15
            console.error(error)
  16
            return new NextResponse(null, {
  17
  18
               status: 400,
  19
  20
  21
```



Prevent over fetching

- Colocation of DB queries with components enables more optimizations
 - Fetch exactly the right amount of data
 - No more shared REST queries

movies /page.tsx



```
√ SOURCE CONTROL

       type MovieForCard = ComponentProps<typeof MovieCard>['movie']
                                                                                                      Prevent over fetching
       export const dynamic = 'force-dynamic'
       async function getMovies(genreId: string | undefined): Promise<MovieForCard[]>
         const orderBy: Prisma.MovieOrderByWithRelationInput = {
           voteAverage: 'desc',
         } as const
         const select = {
           id: true,
           title: true,
           overview: true,
           backdropPath: true,
           voteAverage: true,
           voteCount: true,
         } satisfies Prisma.MovieSelect
 31+
         if (genreId) {
           const genre = await prisma.genre.findFirst({
             where: { id: +genreId },
             include: {
               movies:
                 orderBy,
                 select,
                                                                                     % compile:watch Task
- event compiled client and server successfully in 319 ms (736 modules)
```

Break time



Suspense & RSC pages

Suspense & RSC pages

- React Server Components are suspended until they resolve
 - Can be controlled with <Suspense /> boundaries
- Next.js makes it easy to suspend when rendering an async page
 - Add a loading.tsx
 - They can be nested and the closest loading component will be used

movies /loading.tsx

movies /page.tsx

```
TS page.tsx ...\movies M X TS loading.tsx ...\movies U
                                 TS page.tsx ...\[id] M
       async function getMovies(genreId: string | undefined): Promise<MovieForCard[]> {
  19
         const orderBy: Prisma.MovieOrderByWithRelationInput = {
            voteAverage: 'desc',
  20
          } as const
  21
  22
          const select = {
  23
  24
            id: true,
            title: true,
            overview: true,
  26
  27
            backdropPath: true,
  28+
            voteAverage: true,
  29
            voteCount: true,
  30
          } satisfies Prisma.MovieSelect
 31
  32
          await sleep(1_000)
  33
```

movies/[id] /page.tsx



```
TS page.tsx ...\movies M
                   TS loading.tsx ...\movies U
                                         TS page.tsx ...\[id] M X TS loading.tsx ...\[id] U
src > app > movies > [id] > TS page.tsx > ...
          async function getMovie(id: string) {
            const movie = await prisma.movie.findFirstOrThrow({
   16
               where: { id: +id },
  17
  18
   19
            await sleep(1_000)
  20
  21
            return movie
  22
  23
```

RSC and streaming

RSC and streaming

- Async React Server Components are streamed to the browser
 - Using the React Server Component Payload
 - On the client they are suspended until the component resolves
- Server action responses can also stream components back
 - After a revalidatePath() or a revalidateTag()

RSC Payload

```
{} streaming.json 1, U X
      2:HL["/ next/static/css/app/layout.css?v=1695461372573",{"as":"style"}]
      0:["$@1",["development",[[["",{"children":["movies",{"children":[["id","238","d"],{"children":["__PAGE___",{
      5:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./src/components/shopping-cart.tsx","chunks":["app/layout:static/chunks/app/la
      6:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./src/components/main-nav.tsx","chunks":["app/layout:static/chunks/app/layout.
      8:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./node modules/next/dist/client/components/layout-router.js","chunks":["app-pages
      9:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./node_modules/next/dist/client/components/render-from-template-context.js","c
      c:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./src/components/ui/toaster.tsx","chunks":["app/layout:static/chunks/app/layout
      1:"$undefined"
      3:[null,["$","html",null,{"lang":"en","children":["$","body",null,{"className":"min-h-screen bg-background a
      4:[["$","meta","0",{"charSet":"utf-8"}],["$","title","1",{"children":"TS Congress"}],["$","meta","2",{"name"
      d:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./src/components/movie-form.tsx","chunks":["app/movies/[id]/page:static/chunks/
      a:null
      e:{"id":"8ee0c4224708db417bfe9cefca1638c119b06524","bound":null}
      b:["$","main",null,{"className":"flex-1 space-y-4 p-8 pt-6","children":[["$","h2",null,{"className":"text-3x`
 15+ f:I{"id":"(app-pages-browser)/./src/components/genre-selector.tsx","chunks":["app/layout:static/chunks/app/la
 16 7:["$","$Lf",null,{"genres":[{"id":28,"name":"Action"},{"id":12,"name":"Adventure"},{"id":16,"name":"Animation
```

Site layout as an RSC

Site layout as an RSC

- A layout.tsx is typically a React Server Component
 - But can be a client component if required
- Render server and/or client components as needed

layout.tsx

```
Ts layout.tsx M X Ts main-nav.tsx M Ts shopping-cart.tsx M Ts genre-selector.tsx M

src > app > Ts layout.tsx > ...

1   import './globals.css'

3   import type { PropsWithChildren } from 'react'
4   import type { Metadata } from 'next'
5   import { Inter } from 'next/font/google'
```

main-nav.tsx

```
TS layout.tsx M
           TS main-nav.tsx M X TS shopping-cart.tsx M
                                        TS genre-selector.tsx M
        'use client'
       import Link from 'next/link'
       import { usePathname, useSearchParams } from 'next/navigation'
       import { cn } from '@/lib/utils'
       import { Button } from '@/components/ui/button'
       import { useShoppingCart } from './shopping-cart'
        import { GenreSelector } from './genre-selector'
  10
        export function MainNav() {
  11
  12
          const { itemCount, checkout } = useShoppingCart()
  13
          const pathname = usePathname()
  14 +
         const searchParams = useSearchParams()
          const hasGenreParam = searchParams?.has('genre')
  15
```

shopping-cart.tsx

```
TS layout.tsx M
           TS main-nav.tsx M
                         TS shopping-cart.tsx M X TS genre-selector.tsx M
        'use client'
        import {
         ComponentProps,
         PropsWithChildren,
          createContext,
          useContext,
   8
          useState,
        } from 'react'
   9
 10
       import { CheckoutDialog } from '@/components/checkout-dialog'
 11
 12
 13
       type ShoppingCartMovies = ComponentProps<typeof CheckoutDialog>['movies']
       type ShoppingCartMovie = ShoppingCartMovies[0]
 14
 15 +
       const ShoppingCartContext = createContext({
  16
```

genre-selector.tsx



```
5 th @
TS layout.tsx M
           TS main-nav.tsx M
                         TS shopping-cart.tsx M
                                        TS genre-selector.tsx M X
        'use client'
        import { useEffect, useState } from 'react'
        import { Check, ChevronsUpDown } from 'lucide-react'
        import { useRouter, useSearchParams } from 'next/navigation'
        import { Genre } from '@prisma/client'
        import { cn } from '@/lib/utils'
        import { Button } from '@/components/ui/button'
   9
        import { Command, CommandGroup, CommandItem } from '@/components/ui/command'
  10
  11
        import {
  12
          Popover,
  13
          PopoverContent,
  14
          PopoverTrigger,
        } from 'ຟ/components/ui/popover'
  16
  17
        export function GenreSelector() {
```

What is a server component?

What is a server component?

- What is a server component and what is not?
 - Client components are marked with 'use client'
- But not all other components are server components
 - With a component without 'use client' it depends on their parents
- If a component is a client component
 - Then all components it renders are also client components
- There is no 'use server' for server components
 - The 'use server' directive exists but is used for Server Actions
 - But there is a server-only NPM package

server-only

- Import the **server-only** NPM package
 - With components that must run on the server

Using an RSC as a child of a client component

- A client component can have a server component as a child
 - As long as it doesn't render it
- Render the child server component from another server component

childcomponent.tsx

```
TS child-component.tsx M X TS parent-component.tsx M
                                   TS page.tsx M
      import 'server-only'
      import { prisma } from '@/lib/db'
      export async function ChildComponent() {
        console.log('Rendering Child Component')
        const movie = await prisma.movie.findFirstOrThrow()
   8
   9
        return (
           <main className="bg-red-400 p-12">
  10
             <h2 className="my-6 text-4xl font-bold">Child Component/h2>
  11
  12
             {movie.title}
           </main>
  13
  14
  15
```

parentcomponent.tsx

```
TS child-component.tsx M
                 TS parent-component.tsx M X TS page.tsx M
      'use client'
      import { PropsWithChildren } from 'react'
      export function ParentComponent({ children }: PropsWithChildren) {
        console.log('Rendering Parent Component')
   8
        return (
           <main className="bg-green-400 p-12">
   9
  10
             <h2
               className="my-6 text-4xl font-bold"
  11
               onClick={() ⇒ console.log('Click')}
  12
  13
               Parent Component
  14
             </h2>
  15
             {children}
  16
           </main>
  17
  18
  19
```

server-or-client /page.tsx



```
J 5 th
                                   TS page.tsx M X
TS child-component.tsx M
                 TS parent-component.tsx M
                ChildComponent } from './child-component'
                ParentComponent } from './parent-component'
      export default function ServerOrClientPage() {
        console.log('Rendering Server Or Client Page')
        return (
           <main className="bg-blue-400 p-12">
   8
             <h1 className="my-6 text-4xl font-bold">Server Or Client Page</h1>
  10
             <ParentComponent>
               <ChildComponent />
  11
  12
             </ParentComponent>
           </main>
  13
  14
  15
```

Loading the genres on the server

Loading the genres on the server

- Splitting the GenreSelector in a client and a server component
 - Client component for interactivity
 - Server component for data loading
- The MainNav component still needs to be a client component
 - The GenreSelector/Loader can be injected as a prop

genre-selector.tsx

```
TS genre-selector.tsx M X TS genre-loader.tsx U
                                TS site-header.tsx M
                                               TS main-nav.tsx M
        type Props = {
  18
          genres: Genre[]
  19
  20
        export function GenreSelector({ genres }: Props) {
  21
          const [open, setOpen] = useState(false)
  22
  23
          const searchParams = useSearchParams()
          const selectedGenre = searchParams?.get('genre') ?? ''
  24
          const { push } = useRouter()
  25
          const items = genres.map((genre) \Rightarrow ({
  26
            value: genre.id.toString(),
  27
            label: genre.name,
  28
  29
          }))
  30
          return (
  31
            <Popover open={open} onOpenChange={setOpen}>
  32
```

genre-loader.tsx

```
TS genre-selector.tsx M
                 TS genre-loader.tsx U X TS site-header.tsx M
                                                 TS main-nav.tsx M
src > components > TS genre-loader.tsx > ...
        import 'server-only'
   3
        import { prisma } from '@/lib/db'
        import { GenreSelector } from './genre-selector'
   5
        import { sleep } from '@/lib/utils'
   6
        export async function GenreLoader() {
   8
   9
           const genres = await prisma.genre.findMany({
  10
  11
             orderBy: {
               name: 'asc',
  12
  13
             Ι,
  14
  15
           return <GenreSelector genres={genres} />
  16
  17
```

site-header.tsx

```
TS genre-selector.tsx
              TS genre-loader.tsx
                             TS site-header.tsx X TS main-nav.tsx
      import { MainNav } from '@/components/main-nav'
      import { GenreLoader } from './genre-loader'
       export function SiteHeader() {
         return (
           <header className="sticky top-0 z-40 w-full border-b bg-background">
             <div className="container flex h-16">
               <MainNav genreSelector={<GenreLoader />} />
             </div>
   9
           </header>
  10
  11
  12
```

main-nav.tsx

```
TS genre-selector.tsx M
                TS genre-loader.tsx U
                                TS site-header.tsx M
                                               TS main-nav.tsx M X
src > components > TS main-nav.tsx > ...
        'use client'
        import Link from 'next/link'
        import { usePathname, useSearchParams } from 'next/navigation'
        import { ReactNode, Suspense } from 'react'
        import { RotateCw } from 'lucide-react'
        import { cn } from '@/lib/utils'
        import { Button } from '@/components/ui/button'
        import { useShoppingCart } from './shopping-cart'
  10
  11
  12
        type Props = {
  13
          genreSelector: ReactNode
  14
  15
        export function MainNav({ genreSelector }: Props) {
  16
```

main-nav.tsx



```
TS genre-selector.tsx M
                 TS genre-loader.tsx U
                                 TS site-header.tsx M
                                                TS main-nav.tsx M X
  47
                <Suspense
                   fallback={
  48
                     <Button
  49
  50
                       variant="outline"
                       className="w-[200px] justify-between text-foreground/60"
  51
  52
                       disabled
  53
  54
                       Movies by genre...
  55
                       <ChevronsUpDown className="ml-2 h-4 w-4 shrink-0 opacity-50" />
                     </Button>
  56
  57
  58
                   {genreSelector}
  59
  60

⟨Suspense>
```

Calling Server Actions

From a <form />

Calling Server Actions

- React Server Actions are functions that we can call on the client
 - But then execute on the server
- Add the 'use server' annotation
 - Can be at the top of a file or a single function
 - Not related to server components
- Can be passed as the action of a client side <form />
 - The forms data is passed as a **FormData** parameter
 - Even works if JavaScript is disabled ©

genre-form.tsx



```
TS genre-form.tsx M X
      export function GenreForm({ genre }: Props) {
        const onSubmit = async (formData: FormData) \Rightarrow {
           'use server'
  24
  25
  26
          const genre: Genre = {
             id: +(formData.get('id') as string),
  27
             name: formData.get('name') as string,
  28
  29
  30
          await saveGenre(genre)
  31
  32
  33
          redirect('/genres')
  34
  35
        return (
  36
  37
           <form action={onSubmit} className="mx-auto w-1/2">
             <Card>
  38
  39
               <CardHeader>
                 <CardTitle>Edit Movie Genre</CardTitle>
  40
```

Calling Server Actions

Directly

Calling Server Actions

- Can also be called as a normal asynchronous function
 - The network request is handled for you
- Optionally use the useTransition() hook
 - For feedback while the server action is executing

checkout-shopping-cart.ts

```
TS checkout-shopping-cart.ts M X TS checkout-dialog.tsx M
JS next.config.js M
src > server > TS checkout-shopping-cart.ts > ...
         use server'
        import { Movie } from '@prisma/client'
        type ShoppingCartMovie = Pick<Movie, 'id' | 'title'>
   5
   6
        type Cart = {
           account: string
           customerName: string
           movies: ShoppingCartMovie[]
  10
  11
  12
        export async function checkoutShoppingCart({
  13
           account,
  14
  15
           customerName,
  16
           movies,
  17
        }: Cart) {
```

checkout-dialog.tsx



```
JS next.config.js M
               TS checkout-shopping-cart.ts M
                                       TS checkout-dialog.tsx M X
src > components > TS checkout-dialog.tsx > ...
            const onSubmit = async (data: CheckoutForm) \Rightarrow {
  53
              try {
  54
                 await checkoutShoppingCart({
  55
  56
                   account: data.account,
  57
                   customerName: data.name,
  58
                   movies,
  59
                 toast({
  60
                   title: 'Success',
  61
                   description: 'Checkout completed',
  62
  63
```



Recommendations

- Start with Shared components
 - Can run on the server or client as needed
 - Will default to act as Server Components
- Switch to Server only components if needed
 - When you need to use server side capabilities
- Only use Client only components when absolutely needed
 - Local state or side effects
 - Interactivity
 - Required browser API's
- Learn all about the new capabilities of Next.js
 - App Router
 - Caching

Conclusion

- React Server Components are a great new addition to React
 - Helps with keeping the client more responsive
 - Makes the application architecture easier
- Use Next.js and the App Router
 - Because you need a server
- React Client Components
 - Are components with state and interactivity and require 'use client'
- Control caching of React Server Components
 - Because Next.js is quite aggressive about caching
- React Server Components are streamed
 - And use Suspense boundaries until they are done
- Server Actions are a great way to call back into the server
 - They also update the invalidated server components on the client

Thank you for joining

Share your thoughts

